

令和 7 年度入学試験問題（前期日程）

英 語

注 意 事 項

1. 受験番号を解答用紙の所定の欄（4 か所）に記入すること。
2. 解答はすべて解答用紙の所定の欄に記入すること。
3. 解答用紙の他に、下書き用紙を配付するので、取り違えないように注意すること。
4. 解答時間は、100 分である。

**1** 次の英文を読み、各問に答えなさい。(30 点)

**非公開**

非公開

# 非公開

Adapted from Beiser, V. (2019) Why the world is running out of sand. British Broadcasting Corporation. *BBC*. Retrieved in 2024 from <https://www.bbc.com/future/article/20191108-why-the-world-is-running-out-of-sand>

注

- \*1 activist 活動家
- \*2 gravel 砂利
- \*3 microchip マイクロチップ
- \*4 grains 粒子
- \*5 erode 侵食する
- \*6 riverbed 川底
- \*7 be stripped ～ (中の物すべてを取り除いて)～の状態にされる
- \*8 infrastructure 電気やガス, 水道, 道路, 公共交通機関など, 社会や経済, 国民の生活の基盤となる社会資本のこと。インフラ。
- \*9 dredge (水底の土砂を)さらう
- \*10 coral reef サンゴ礁
- \*11 reclamation 埋め立て
- \*12 habitat 生息地
- \*13 black market 闇市
- \*14 assault 襲う
- \*15 recycled リサイクルされた
- \*16 Worldwide Wildlife Fund 世界動物基金(現在は World Wide Fund for Nature)
- \*17 World Trade Organization 世界貿易機構

問1 次の(1)～(2)の各問に日本語で簡潔に答えなさい。(6点)

- (1) According to paragraph [X], why is sand important in our daily lives?
- (2) Based on paragraph [Y], what is presently NOT certain about river sand mining?

問2 次の(1)～(7)の各問について、本文の内容に合致する最も適切な答えをa～dの中から一つ選び、記号で答えなさい。(14点)

- (1) What happens when desert sand is used to make concrete?
- a. The concrete becomes less durable because of the sand's rough texture.\*
  - b. The concrete becomes less stable because of the sand's smooth and rounded grains.
  - c. The concrete becomes more durable because of the sand's fine grains.
  - d. The concrete becomes more stable because of the sand's smooth and rounded texture.

\*texture (岩石などの)きめ, 質感

- (2) Which of the following is NOT mentioned?
- a. Sand is being collected from beaches.
  - b. Sand is being gathered from farmlands.
  - c. Sand is being stolen from ponds.
  - d. Sand is being taken from riverbeds.
- (3) What impact has rapid urbanization had on the demand for sand?
- a. Rapid urbanization has decreased the demand for sand as cities expand.
  - b. Rapid urbanization has had barely any effect on the demand for sand.
  - c. Rapid urbanization has increased the demand for sand due to increased construction.
  - d. Rapid urbanization has led to the elimination of sand resources.
- (4) What are the environmental implications of land reclamation projects using sand?
- a. They can contribute to the preservation of marine habitats.
  - b. They can damage coral reefs, marine habitats, and coastal wetlands.
  - c. They can improve marine habitats and coastal wetlands.
  - d. They can ruin urban infrastructure in coastal areas.

- (5) What is most likely to happen to sand consumption?
- a. Sand consumption is expected to continue rising due to urbanization and construction demands.
  - b. Sand consumption is expected to decrease due to urbanization and construction demands.
  - c. Sand consumption is expected to increase due to environmental protection laws.
  - d. Sand consumption is expected to remain constant due to illegal sand mining.
- (6) Which country is NOT mentioned as having troubles related to sand?
- a. Cambodia
  - b. Kenya
  - c. Portugal
  - d. United Kingdom
- (7) Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?
- a. Alternative materials for sand
  - b. Child labor in sand mines
  - c. Developing recycling techniques
  - d. Police eliminating gangs' illegal activities

問3 次の英文は本文の要約です。本文の内容と合致するように、空欄(1)～(5)に与えられた文字で始まる最も適切な一語を英語で書きなさい。ただし、解答欄に与えられている文字に続けて書くこと。

(10点)

非公開

**2** 次の英文を読み、各問に答えなさい。(30 点)

**非公開**

非公開



Adapted from Clare West (2008) *Oxford Bookworms Library Level 4: Land of my Childhood: Stories from South Asia*, pp. 30-34.

注

\*1 kite 凧(たこ)

\*2 *Utraan* 「ウタラーン(またはウッターラーヤン)」として知られているインドの重要な祭りで、通常、収穫期の始まりと見なされている毎年1月14日に行われる。

\*3 dove ハト

\*4 Eid イード(イスラム教の二大祭の一つであるイード = アルアドハー)

\*5 Allah 「神」を意味するアラビア語の言葉。

\*6 Eid Mubarak 「祝福されたイード(祝祭)となりますように」を意味するアラビア語の慣用句。

問1 選択肢A～Eの出来事を起こった順序に並べ、の中に記号を書きなさい。(5点)

- A. Rasool and Zaheera test the kite, but it disappears in the wind deepening her sadness.
- B. Rasool stays up late making the kite for the festival despite Zaheera's sadness.
- C. Their missing son saw the kite and regained his memory of home.
- D. Villagers doubt the kite will fly, thinking it is too heavy.
- E. Zaheera paints eyes on the kite remembering doves from her grandfather's house.

問2 下線部(X)は、Rasool のどのような様子を表現していますか。日本語で答えなさい。(3点)

問3 下線部(Y)の指す内容を日本語で答えなさい。(2点)

問4 次の(1)～(10)の各問について、本文の内容に合致する最も適切な答えをa～dの中から一つ選び、記号で答えなさい。(20点)

- (1) Why is Zaheera initially unhappy and doubtful about Rasool's plan to make a kite?
  - a. She dislikes the design of the kites.
  - b. She has found out the festival has been canceled.
  - c. She has lost hope due to recent events in the village.
  - d. She thinks the kite is too heavy to fly.
- (2) What did Zaheera think of the kite that Rasool made when it was done?
  - a. She agreed it was a fine kite despite her initial doubts.
  - b. She believed it was too heavy and had no chance of success.
  - c. She thought it was poorly made and wouldn't fly.
  - d. She was not interested and refused to look at it.
- (3) What did the kite made by Rasool look like?
  - a. A dove with an olive branch
  - b. A dove with bright patterns
  - c. A dove with colorful feathers
  - d. A dove with silver paint
- (4) Explain what one of history's strange turns refers to.  
(7)
  - a. The recent disappearance of the country's border
  - b. The separation of Zaheera's family due to the war
  - c. The strong winds that almost destroyed their village
  - d. The unexpected arrival of a strong wind during the festival
- (5) What did Rasool promise Zaheera for Eid?
  - a. A new house
  - b. A new kite
  - c. A trip to the market
  - d. A young goat

- (6) When did Rasool and Zaheera's son return home?
- a. some morning after Eid
  - b. some morning before Eid
  - c. some night after Eid
  - d. some night before Eid
- (7) What feature of the kite particularly stands out and helps in their son's return?
- a. The brightly painted paper
  - b. The eyes Zaheera painted
  - c. The shape of the dove
  - d. The silver bells on its legs
- (8) What did the men do when Rasool invited them in for tea?
- a. They accepted the invitation because they were thirsty.
  - b. They asked for directions because they were lost.
  - c. They explained they had to return to the other side of the border.
  - d. They stayed for dinner because they wanted to be friends.
- (9) Choose the reason why <sup>(1)</sup>Zaheera fell to her knees near the end of the story.
- a. She was delighted because the lost kite Zaheera made was returned to her.
  - b. She was relieved because the enemy soldiers at their door were her acquaintances.
  - c. She was surprised because her missing son was in front of her alive.
  - d. She was tired because she was tired from working on the kite all night long.
- (10) Which of the following statements is true about the story?
- a. A soldier visited Rasool and Zaheera's house to return their son.
  - b. Rasool and Zaheera spent time together on the roof before their marriage.
  - c. The kite was lost but it still had bells with it when it was found.
  - d. Zaheera was not confident about telling the difference between doves' and chickens' eyes.

3

次の英文は、Aさんと、コンビニエンスストアで働いている友人Bさんの会話です。よく読んで、各問に答えなさい。(10点)

A: How (A) \_\_\_\_\_ your new job?

B: It's pretty good.

A: You work at a convenience store, right?

B: Yeah, some of the work can be (1) b \_\_\_\_\_, like cleaning the floors, but I like it.

A: So, (B) \_\_\_\_\_ there? Are you a cashier\*<sup>1</sup>?

B: Well, yes, I have to work the cash register, and (2) h \_\_\_\_\_ customers find things, but there are lots of other things we need to do. For example, I need to receive all the goods that come into the store.

A: Receive the goods. Isn't it all done by computer? You know, automatically?

B: Well, yes, but I still need to check everything that comes into the store and get things (3) r \_\_\_\_\_ to sell. So, I open the boxes, check everything and count everything. I (4) f \_\_\_\_\_ what you call it. It's a list of the things that are in the box. It tells you what is there and how many there are, and . . . .

A: Do you (5) m \_\_\_\_\_ a packing\*<sup>2</sup> list?

B: That's it. A packing list. So, you know, you check that, count everything, make sure everything is there, then after that, you need to . . . what can I say, you know, use that barcode\*<sup>3</sup> thing. It reads barcodes, what do you call that?

A: Oh, you mean a scanner\*<sup>4</sup>? To scan in the barcode?

B: Yeah, we need to scan in the barcode, then put the things on the shelf. And, of course, when you sell something, you scan that into the cash register as well.

A: So, you have to keep track of everything. You scan each item as it (6) e \_\_\_\_\_ the store and as it leaves the store

B: Yeah, that's right.

注

\*<sup>1</sup> cashier レジ係

\*<sup>2</sup> packing 包装

\*<sup>3</sup> barcode バーコード

\*<sup>4</sup> scan スキャンする

問 1 空欄(A)と(B)に入る適切な語句を英語で書きなさい。ただし、一つの下線につき一語が入る。  
(各 2 点)

問 2 空欄(1)～(6)に入る最も適切な一語を、解答欄に与えられている文字で始まる英語で書きなさい。  
(各 1 点)

4

以下の図1 (Figure 1) と図2 (Figure 2) は、ペットの飼育に関する調査の結果です。これらの二つの図に示された数値や内容から読み取れることを参考にしながら、ペットの飼育についてあなたが考えたことを150語程度の英文で書きなさい。なお、文法や綴りも採点の対象となるので注意しなさい。(30点)

※以下の語彙も参考にしなさい。

は虫類 reptiles

トカゲ lizard

げっ歯類 rodents

ハムスター hamster

非公開

出典：クロスマーケティング「ペットに関する調査(2024年)」<https://www.cross-m.co.jp/report/life/20240424pets/> より転載(一部改変)。2024年閲覧。

受験番号

## 英 語 解 答 用 紙

(注意) この解答用紙は4ページになっています。

1

問1

- (1) 砂は建築用コンクリートのほか、窓やスマートフォンのスクリーンに用いられる  
ガラスや、電話やコンピューターの内部にあるマイクロチップなどの原料になっ  
ているから
- (2) どれだけの量の砂が、どこから、どのような状況で採掘されているかについ  
て

問2

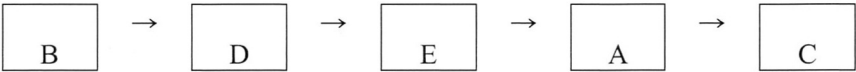
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
b	c	c	b	a	d	d

問3

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
second	computers	type	illegal	awareness

2

問 1




問 2

彼は夜遅くまで風をひとりで作っている

問 3

濃い黒色の中に白い部分がある目

問 4

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
c	a	a	b	d
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
	b	c	c	b

得 点



受験番号

3

問 1

(A)	(B)
<u>do</u> <u>you</u> <u>like</u>	<u>what</u> <u>do</u> <u>you</u> <u>do</u>

問 2

(1)	(2)	(3)
boring	help	ready
(4)	(5)	(6)
forget / forgot	mean	enters

Model Answer 1:

Figure 1 shows that the percentage of people who own pets was slightly more in 2024 than in 2021. This shows a small but growing interest in having pets. Among the pet owners in 2024, Figure 2 shows that dogs were the most popular at 44.4%. Cats were the second most common at 38.4%. Fish and birds were also kept by some, but in much lower numbers. Turtles and other pets were even less common choices. I think dogs and cats are popular because people can enjoy time and communicate with them easily. Some of the other pets may be easier to take care of, but they don't communicate as much. It's interesting that even though much less than half of people in Japan own pets, they choose many types. I believe having a pet can help people feel less lonely and more relaxed in daily life. (147 words)

Model Answer 2:

Figure 1 shows that pet ownership has increased between 2021 (26.6%) and 2024 (28.6%). Figure 2 shows that dogs (44.4%) and cats (38.4%) are the most popular pets, and pet ownership is almost equal between males and females. Still, over 70% of people in Japan don't own a pet.

I think dogs and cats are more popular because they are cuter, and they communicate with their owners. The other pets communicate less. They must be kept in a cage or a tank which often costs money and is difficult to maintain. So, less people want them.

Many people want pets, but there are reasons why they don't own them. Some

people don't get a pet because they live in a small apartment. Other people want to spend time outside of their home and can't care for them. I want a pet, but only when I can care for it properly. (150 words)